



$$1. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (x^2 + 2x - 1) = (+\infty)^2 + 2 \times (+\infty) - 1 = +\infty \quad 2. \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (x^4 - x) = (-\infty)^4 - (-\infty) = +\infty + \infty = +\infty$$

$$3. \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} [(2x + 3) \times x^2] = [(-\infty) \times (-\infty)^2] = -\infty \quad 4. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{x^2 + 3} = \frac{1}{+\infty} = 0^+$$

$$5. \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2 - 5x}{3} = \frac{+\infty - 5 \times (-\infty)}{3} = \frac{+\infty}{3} = +\infty$$

$$6. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{3}{1 - x} = \frac{3}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{3}{1 - x} = \frac{3}{0^-} = -\infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{3}{1 - x} = \frac{3}{0^+} = +\infty$$

Como os limites laterais são diferentes, $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{3}{1 - x}$ não existe.

$$7. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{-5}{(x - 2)^2} = \frac{-5}{0^+} = -\infty$$

$$8. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (1 - 3x)^5 = (1 - 3 \times (+\infty))^5 = -\infty$$

$$9. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (x^2 + 2x - 1) \text{ igual a 1.}$$

$$10. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x + 1}{3} = \frac{e^{+\infty} + 1}{3} = \frac{+\infty}{3} = +\infty$$

$$11. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (1 + \ln x) = 1 + \ln(+\infty) = +\infty$$

$$12. \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{e^x + 1}{3} = \frac{e^{-\infty} + 1}{3} = \frac{0 + 1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$13. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (1 + \ln x) = 1 + \ln(0^+) = 1 + (-\infty) = -\infty$$

$$14. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (x^2 - x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^2 = +\infty$$

$$15. \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (3x^3 - x^2 + 7x) = 3 \times (-\infty)^3 - (-\infty)^2 + 7 \times (-\infty) = -\infty$$

$$16. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x})(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x+1})^2 - (\sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x+1-x}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{+\infty} = 0^+$$

17.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2+1} - \sqrt{x^2+3}) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x^2+1} - \sqrt{x^2+3})(\sqrt{x^2+1} + \sqrt{x^2+3})}{\sqrt{x^2+1} + \sqrt{x^2+3}} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x^2+1})^2 - (\sqrt{x^2+3})^2}{\sqrt{x^2+1} + \sqrt{x^2+3}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^2+1-x^2-3}{\sqrt{x^2+1} + \sqrt{x^2+3}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-2}{\sqrt{x^2+1} + \sqrt{x^2+3}} = \frac{-2}{+\infty} = 0^-$$

$$18. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2x^3 + 1}{x^2 + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2x^3}{x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 2x = +\infty$$

$$19. \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2 - x^5}{x^5 + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-x^5}{x^5} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} -1 = -1$$

$$20. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x})(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x})}{x(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x+1})^2 - (\sqrt{x})^2}{x(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x})} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x+1-x}{x(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{x(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x})} = \frac{1}{+\infty} = 0^+$$

$$21. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{2x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{2} \times \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x} = \frac{1}{2} \times (+\infty) = +\infty$$

$$22. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{4x}{2^x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{\frac{2^x}{4x}} = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 1}{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{4} \times \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2^x}{x}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4} \times (+\infty)} = \frac{1}{+\infty} = 0^+$$

$$23. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{2x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{2} \times \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} = \frac{1}{2} \times 0 = 0$$

$$24. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x + 1}{2x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{e^x}{x} + \frac{1}{x}}{\frac{2x}{x}} = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x} + \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{x}}{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 2} = \frac{+\infty + 0}{2} = +\infty$$

$$25. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x}{3 \ln x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{\frac{3 \ln x}{x}} = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 1}{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 3 \times \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x}} = \frac{1}{3 \times 0} = \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty$$

$$26. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\frac{1}{x} \times 3x \right)^{(0 \times (+\infty))} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\frac{3x}{x} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 3 = 3$$

$$27. \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left[\frac{1}{x^2 - 1} \times (x + 1) \right]^{(0 \times (-\infty))} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left[\frac{x + 1}{x^2 - 1} \right]^{\left(\frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x}{x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{+\infty} = 0^+$$

$$28. \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1}{x^3 + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x + 1)(x^2 + 2x + 1)}{(x + 1)(x^2 - x + 1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^2 - x + 1} = \frac{1 - 2 + 1}{1 + 1 + 1} = 0$$

$$29. \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{\sqrt{x} - 2}{x - 4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(\sqrt{x} - 2)(\sqrt{x} + 2)}{(x - 4)(\sqrt{x} + 2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x - 4}{(x - 4)(\sqrt{x} + 2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + 2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$30. \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x^2 - 9} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{(x - 3)(x - 2)}{(x - 3)(x + 3)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x - 2}{x + 3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$31. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3}{x^2} = \frac{-3}{0^+} = -\infty$$

$$32. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{x - 1}{x - 2} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$$

$$33. \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^+} \frac{x^2 - 2}{2x + 1} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 - 2}{0^+} = \frac{-\frac{7}{4}}{0^+} = -\infty$$

$$34. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x - 2)(x + 2)}{x - 2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x + 2) = 4$$